Charter Township of Big Rapids Mecosta County, Michigan

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Year ended December 31, 2019

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees
Big Rapids Charter Township, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Big Rapids, Michigan, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Big Rapids, Michigan, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Board of Trustees Big Rapids Charter Township, Michigan Page 2

# Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12 to the basic financial statements, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities* in 2019, which represents a change in its policy for reporting fiduciary activities. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

# Required supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter Township of Big Rapids, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements (supplementary information) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lightisd Crandoll P.C.

May 8, 2020

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Charter Township of Big Rapids' (the Township) financial performance provides a narrative overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The Township's total net position increased by \$163,961 (2.3 percent) as a result of this year's operations.
- Of the \$7,373,407 total net position reported, \$2,416,543 (33 percent) is unrestricted and, therefore, available to be used to meet future operating and capital needs at the discretion of the Township Board.
- The General Fund's unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$777,959, which represents 102 percent of the actual total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.

### Overview of the financial statements

The Township's annual report is comprised of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Township's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Township government, reporting the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
  - o Governmental funds statements explain how general government services, like public safety, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.
  - o Proprietary funds statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like a business. The Township's proprietary funds account for its construction code inspections department and sewage collection system.
  - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the Township acts solely as a custodian for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by sections of required supplementary information and other supplementary information that further explain and support the information in the financial statements.

A comparative analysis of the basic financial statements for 2019 and 2018 is also presented.

# **Government-wide financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Township's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Township's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the Township's assets, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the Township's financial health, or position.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Township, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Township's property tax base and the condition of the Township's capital assets.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities These activities include functions most commonly associated with government (e.g., general government, public safety, public works, etc.). Property taxes and state grants generally fund most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Township charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of operating the Township's sewage collection system and inspections department.

### **Fund financial statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's most significant funds - not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law.
- The Township Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like paying the debt service on the debt associated with the Industrial Park) or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and other revenues (like the fire protection and road millages).

The Township has three types of funds:

- Governmental funds. Most of the Township's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how
  cash, and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flows in and out, and (2) the balances left at year
  end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view
  that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance
  the Township's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the
  government-wide statements, we provide additional information that explains the relationship between them.
- Proprietary funds. Services for which the Township charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds.
   Proprietary funds statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. In fact, the Township's enterprise funds are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Fiduciary funds. These funds are used to account for the collection and disbursement of resources, primarily taxes, for
  the benefit of parties outside the Township. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the
  fiduciary funds are used for their intended purposes. The Township's fiduciary balances and activities are reported in
  the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities
  from the Township's government-wide financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance
  its operations.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

### Net position

Total net position at the end of the fiscal year was \$7,373,407. However, \$4,782,308 of this total represents a net investment in capital assets and \$174,556 is restricted for various purposes. Consequently, the unrestricted net position was \$2,416,543, or 33 percent of the total.

# Condensed financial information Net position

		Governmental Business-type activities activities Totals				
	2019	2018	2019 2018		2019	2018
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,867,584 3,280,452	\$ 1,936,765 3,222,184	\$ 1,474,551 1,796,856	\$ 1,308,907 1,844,706	\$ 3,342,135 5,077,308	\$ 3,245,672 5,066,890
Total assets	5,148,036	5,158,949	3,271,407	3,153,613	8,419,443	8,312,562
Current and other liabilities Long-term debt	3,283 295,000	13,811 340,000	33,231	22,338	36,514 295,000	36,149 340,000
Total liabilities	298,283	353,811	33,231	22,338	331,514	376,149
Deferred inflows of resources	714,522	726,967			714,522	726,967
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	2,985,452	2,882,184	1,796,856	1,844,706	4,782,308	4,726,890
Restricted	174,556	231,391	*	-	174,556	231,391
Unrestricted	975,223	964,596	1,441,320	1,286,569	2,416,543	2,251,165
Total net position	\$ 4,135,231	\$ 4,078,171	\$ 3,238,176	\$ 3,131,275	\$ 7,373,407	\$ 7,209,446

# Changes in net position

The Township's total revenues were \$2,057,484 in the current year compared to \$2,087,619 in the prior year. Approximately 39 percent of the Township's revenues comes from charges for services, primarily related to sewer charges. Property taxes and state shared revenue represent 33 and 18 percent to the Township's total revenues, respectively.

# Condensed financial information Changes in net position

		vernn activi	nental ties		Busines activ	* -	pe		Tot	als					
	2019	UCCIVI	2018	_	2019		2018						2019		2018
Program revenues:		_				_	2010			_	2010				
Charges for services	\$ 148,	595	\$ 139,796	\$	648,413	Ś	711,807	Ś	797,008	Ś	851,603				
Operating grants and	Ψ =)		2007.00	•	0.0,	•	,	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	,				
contributions	67.	499	64,573		63,114		25,272		130,613		89,845				
Capital grants and	,		•		•		,		•		,				
contributions	6,	620	31,625		17,500		78,300		24,120		109,925				
General revenues:															
Property taxes	679,	929	645,002				-		679,929		645,002				
State shared revenue	373,	438	357,675				-		373,438		357,675				
Interest income	17,	639	7,530		16,925		6,980		34,564		14,510				
Cable franchise fees	17,	812	19,059		<u> </u>	_					17,812	_	19,059		
Total revenues	1,311,	532	1,265,260		745,952	_	822,359		2 <u>,057,484</u>	_	2,087,619				
Expenses:															
General government	425,	342	426,913		-		-		425,342		426,913				
Public safety	268,	106	253,589		-		-		268,106		253,589				
Public works	500,	243	463,141		-		-		500,243		463,141				
Community and economic															
development	15,	364	35,732		-		-		15,364		35,732				
Recreation and culture	37,	829	39,205		-		-		37,829		39,205				
Interest	7,	588	13,379		-		-		7,588		13,379				
Sewer		-	•		579,774		551,960		579,774		551,960				
Inspections		<u>-</u>		_	59,277		73,413		59,277	_	73,413				
Total expenses	1,254,	472	1,231,959		639,051		625,373	_	1,893,523		1,857,332				
Changes in net position	\$ 57,	060	\$ 33,301	<u>\$</u>	106,901	\$	196,986	\$	163,961	\$	230,287				
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,135	,231	\$ 4,078,171	\$	3,238,176	\$	3,131,275	\$	7,373,407	<u>\$</u>	7,209,446				

# **Governmental activities**

Governmental activities increased the Township's net position by \$57,060 in the current year compared to an increase of \$33,301 in the prior year. Though expenditures were \$22,513 higher, revenues increased by \$46,272, causing the larger increase in net position.

The increase in revenues was primarily due to a \$34,927 increase in property taxes due to increases in taxable values. Expenses increased primarily due to a \$37,102 increase in public works costs related to higher road improvement costs in the current year.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$1,254,472 compared to \$1,231,959 in the prior year. After subtracting the direct charges to those who directly benefited from the programs (\$148,595), operating grants (\$67,499), and capital grants (\$6,620), the "public benefit" portion covered by property taxes, state shared revenue, and other general revenues was \$1,031,758.

### **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities increased the Township's net position by \$106,901 in the current year compared to a \$196,986 increase in the prior year. The increase in net position was lower in the current year as revenues decreased by \$76,407 and expenses increased by \$13,678. Revenues decreased as capital contributions, related to connection fees, were \$60,800 less than the prior year. Expenses increased because the cost of engineering services, associated with a SAW grant, increased by \$33,367.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

### Governmental funds

At December 31, 2019, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,006,297, which represents an increase of \$3,324 compared to the prior year.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$39,625 in the current year as the fund's revenues, in the amount of \$829,983, were more than sufficient to cover its expenditures (\$763,009) and transfers to other funds (\$27,349). The fund balance was \$781,075 at year end.

The fund balance of the Fire Fund, a special revenue fund, decreased by \$65,319 in the current year as the fund's expenditures exceeded its revenues, primarily due to capital outlay expenditures of \$123,388. The fund balance was \$19,472 at year end.

The fund balance of the Road Fund, a special revenue fund, increased by \$13,216 in the current year as property tax revenues of \$228,216 were sufficient to cover current year expenditures of \$215,000. The fund balance was \$25,402 at year end.

# **Proprietary funds**

At December 31, 2019, the Township's proprietary funds reported total net position of \$3,238,176, which represents an increase of \$106,901 compared to the prior year.

The Sewer Fund experienced an increase in net position of \$106,555, primarily due to charges for services being sufficient to cover operating costs and the recognition of connection fees in the amount of \$17,500. The fund's net position amounted to \$3,115,755 at the end of the year, of which \$1,318,899 is unrestricted.

The Inspections Fund experienced an increase in net position of \$346, as permit revenue was sufficient to cover operating costs during the current year. The fund's net position amounted to \$122,421 at the end of the year.

### General Fund budgetary highlights

The Township amended the General Fund budget during the year to increase total appropriations by \$156,000. Public works expenditures were increased by \$100,000, in anticipation of higher road improvements costs, and capital outlay expenditures were increased by \$56,000 related to the cost of paving the parking lot at the township hall.

Total revenues were \$57,383 higher than budgeted as virtually every revenue category was higher than budgeted. Expenditures were \$138,706 less than the amounts appropriated. The largest expenditure variance occurred in the public works function where expenditures were \$95,837 less than budgeted as road improvement costs were less than anticipated.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

These variances, along with transfers out being \$27,349 more than budgeted, resulted in a \$168,740 positive budget variance with a \$39,625 increase in fund balance compared to a budgeted decrease of \$129,115.

## Capital assets and debt administration

### Capital assets

At December 31, 2019, the Township had invested \$5,077,308, net of depreciation, in various capital assets, including its land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure. This amount represents a net decrease of \$10,418 in 2019.

This year's major capital asset additions included:

- Acquired a fire truck chassis and refurbished a tank, for the new truck to be received in 2020, at a cost of \$109,084
- Repayed the parking lot at the township hall at a cost of \$72,260
- Spent \$32,159 on monitoring upgrades of sewer lift stations
- Purchased a mower for \$10,677

More detailed information about the Townships capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

### Debt

At year end, the Township had outstanding bonds payable in the amount of \$295,000. Debt decreased by \$45,000 due to a timely principal payment.

More detailed information about the Township's long-term debt is presented in Note 6 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

# Economic factors and next year's budgets and rates

The Township's 2020 budget does not anticipate significant changes in the amounts or composition of its major revenue sources. The Township has budgeted expenditures for the upcoming year at amounts sufficient to support its ongoing programs and activities and plans to primarily use current revenues to provide essential services in order to maintain current fund balances.

COVID-19 has created uncertainties that are likely to negatively impact our operations and financial condition. While it is difficult to estimate the financial impact of COVID-19, we expect certain revenues to decline. Because economic activity has weakened, state shared revenue and code inspection fees are expected to decrease, and interest revenue will be reduced due to lower interest rates.

## Contacting the Township's financial management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances to its citizens, customers, investors, and creditors and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the resources it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Charter Township of Big Rapids Bill Stanek, Township Supervisor 14212 Northland Drive Big Rapids, MI 49307 Phone: (231) 796-3603

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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ASSETS Current assets:	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Totals
Cash	\$ 1,009,775	\$ 1,315,266	\$ 2,325,041
Receivables	738,136	158,289	
Prepaid expenses			896,425
rrepaid expenses	22,588	996	23,584
Total current assets	1,770,499	1,474,551	3,245,050
Noncurrent assets:			
Receivables	97,085	-	97,085
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	259,152	-	259,152
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,021,300	1,796,856	4,818,156
Total noncurrent assets	3,377,537	1,796,856	5,174,393
Total assets	5,148,036	3,271,407	8,419,443
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,283	33,231	36,514
Bonds payable due within one year	46,000	,	46,000
Total current liabilities	49,283	33,231	82,514
Noncurrent liabilities - bonds payable	249,000		249,000
Total liabilities	298,283	33,231	331,514
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property tax revenues levied for the subsequent year	714,522		714,522
NET DOCUTION			
NET POSITION	2.005.452	1 700 050	4 702 200
Net investment in capital assets	2,985,452	1,796,856	4,782,308
Restricted for:	454		454
Public safety	151	-	151
Public works	46,399	-	46,399
Recreation and culture	1,428	-	1,428
Capital improvements	23,352	-	23,352
Perpetual care - nonspendable	103,226	-	103,226
Unrestricted	975,223	1,441,320	2,416,543
Total net position	\$ 4,135,231	\$ 3,238,176	\$ 7,373,407

Charter Township of Big Rapids STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year ended December 31, 2019

			Program revenues	5	Net (expenses) rev	Net (expenses) revenues and changes in net position	s in net position	
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	grants and	grants and	Governmental	Business-type	7 - 4 - L	
	Expenses	services	contributions	contributions	activities	activities	Locals	
unctions/Programs covernmental activities:								
General government	\$ 425,342	\$ 124,110	\$ 52,731	\$ 6,620	\$ (241,881)		\$ (241,881)	
Public safety	268,106			•	(244,164)		(244,164)	
Public works	500,243				(486,937)		(486,937)	
Community and economic development	15,364		χ		(13,359)		(13,359)	
Recreation and culture	37,829				(37,829)		(37,829)	
Interest on long-term debt	7,588	2.0	C	4	(7,588)		(7,588)	
Total governmental activitles	1,254,472	148,595	67,499	6,620	(1,031,758)		(1,031,758)	
usiness-type activities:				1			000	
Sewer	579,774	un	63,114	17,500		5 89,630	050,88	
Inspections	59,277	59,623	•			346	346	
Total business-type activities	639,051	648,413	63,114	17,500		89,976	89,976	
	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6				1935 150 11	270 08	(941 782)	
Totals	\$ 1,893,523	800,767	\$ 150,613	\$ 24,120		0/6'60	1741,104	
		General revenues:	;;					
		Property taxes	s		679,929	Œ	626'629	
		State shared revenue	evenue		373,438		373,438	
		Cable franchise fees	se fees		17,812	4	17,812	
		Unrestricted	Unrestricted interest income		17,639	16,925	34,564	
		Total	Total general revenues		1,088,818	16,925	1,105,743	
		Changes in net position	osition		57,060	106,901	163,961	
		Net position - beginning	ginning		4,078,171	3,131,275	7,209,446	
		Net position - ending	ding		\$ 4,135,231	\$ 3,238,176	\$ 7,373,407	

Business-type activities:

Governmental activities: General government

Functions/Programs

See notes to financial statements

	General	Fire	Roads	Nonmajor funds	go	Total vernmental funds
ASSETS						<del></del>
Cash	\$ 691,098	\$ 51,469	\$ 82,786	\$ 184,422	\$	1,009,775
Receivables	437,910	189,384	183,469	24,458		835,221
Prepaid expenditures	3,116	19,472		3,575		26,163
Total assets	\$1,132,124	\$ 260,325	\$ 266,255	\$ 212,455	\$	1,871,159
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,283	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	3,283
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property tax revenues levied for the subsequent year	200,709	240,853	240,853	32,107		714,522
Assessment revenues levied for the subsequent year	147,057				_	147,057
Total deferred inflows	347,766	240,853	240,853	32,107	_	861,579
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable						
Permanent fund principal			2.5	103,226		103,226
Prepaid expenditures	3,116	19,472		3,575		26,163
Restricted for:						
Public safety	100		-	151		151
Public works	-	100	25,402	20,997		46,399
Recreation and culture		-	-	1,428		1,428
Capital improvements		-	2	23,352		23,352
Assigned	100	-	27	27,619		27,619
Unassigned	777,959					777,959
Total fund balances	781,075	19,472	25,402	180,348	_	1,006,297
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$1,132,124	\$ 260,325	\$ 266,255	\$ 212,455	\$	1,871,159
Reconciliation of the balance sheet to the statement of net position:						
Total fund balance - total governmental funds					Ś	1,006,297
The state of the s					Ş	1,000,237
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (page 11) are different because:	2.					
Capital assets used in <i>governmental activities</i> are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						3,280,452
Certain receivables are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and are deferred in the funds.						147,057
Prepaid interest is reported in the funds but not in the statement of net posi	tion.					(3,575)
Bonds navable are not due and navable in the surrest noded						
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.					_	(295,000)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	4,135,231
See notes to finance	ial statements				-	/

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN

FUND BALANCES - governmental funds

Year ended December 31, 2019

	General		Fire	_	Roads	Nonmajor funds	gov.	Total ernmental funds
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 253,08		228,217	\$	228,216	\$ 30,449	\$	739,962
Licenses and permits	17,81	2	-		-	-		17,812
Federal grant	-		997		-	-		997
State grants	373,43		-		-	13,771		387,209
Contributions from local units	52,73		16,122		-	-		68,853
Charges for services	40,20		-		-	859		41,065
Interest and rentals	23,49		3,755		•	1,590		28,839
Other	69,22	2 _			-	59,769		128,991
Total revenues	829,98	3 _	249,091	_	228,216	106,438		1,413,728
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	400 E	0						408,589
General government	408,58	3	198,553		•	6,672		205,225
Public safety	245.76	3	130,555		215.000	21,660		482,423
Public works  Community and economic development	245,76 15,36		-		215,000	21,000		15,364
	4,96		•		-	- 29,095		34,064
Recreation and culture	4,90	13			•	29,093		34,004
Debt service:						45,000		45,000
Principal	-		-			8,027		8,027
Interest	88,32	14	123,388			0,027		211,712
Capital outlay	00,34	-	123,300	_			-	211,712
Total expenditures	763,00	9 _	321,941	_	215,000	110,454		1,410,404
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								2 224
OVER EXPENDITURES	66,97	<u> </u>	(72,850)	_	13,216	(4,016)	)	3,324
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in			7,531		-	19,818		27,349
Transfers out	(27,3	19)	-	_		•		(27,349)
Net other financing								
sources (uses)	(27,3	19)	7,531		-	19,818		-
554,555 (5565)	(=-/-	<del></del> , _		_				
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	39,6	25	(65,319)	)	13,216	15,802		3,324
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	741,4	50 _	84,791		12,186	164,546		1,002,973
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 781,0	<u>75</u> \$	19,472	\$	25,402	\$ 180,348	\$	1,006,297

See notes to financial statements

# Charter Township of Big Rapids

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND

BALANCES - governmental funds (Continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes	
in fund balances to the statement of activities:	

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (page 14) \$ 3,324

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities (page 12) are different because:

Capital assets:

Assets acquired 192,021
Assets retired (634)
Provision for depreciation (133,119)

Long-term debt - principal payments 45,000

Changes in other assets/liabilities:

Net decrease in prepaid interest 439

Decrease in unavailable special assessments (49,971)

Change in net position of *governmental activities* \$ 57,060

ASSETS	Sewer	Nonmajor fund	Totals
Current assets:			
Cash	\$ 1,192,912	\$ 122,354	\$ 1,315,266
Prepaids	929	67	996
Receivables	158,289	-	158,289
Total current assets	1,352,130	122,421	1,474,551
Noncurrent assets - capital assets, net of depreciation	1,796,856		1,796,856
Total assets	3,148,986	122,421	3,271,407
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	33,231	<u> </u>	33,231
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	1,796,856	-	1,796,856
Unrestricted	1,318,899	122,421	1,441,320
Total net position	\$ 3,115,755	\$ 122,421	\$ 3,238,176

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN

**NET POSITION - proprietary funds** 

Year ended December 31, 2019

	Sewer		Nonmajor fund		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 588,79	0 \$	59,623	\$	648,413
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and maintenance	499,76	5	59,277		559,042
Depreciation	80,00	9 _			80,009
Total operating expenses	579,77	4 _	59,277		639,051
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	9,01	.6 _	346		9,362
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
State grant	63,11	.4	-		63,114
Interest revenue	16,92	<u>.5</u> _	-		16,925
Net nonoperating revenues	80,03	<u> 19</u>	•	_	80,039
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	89,05	55	346		89,401
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS Connection fees	17,50	00	-		17,500
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	106,55	55	346		106,901
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	3,009,20	00 _	122,075	-	3,131,275
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 3,115,75	55 \$	122,421	\$	3,238,176

Year ended December 31, 2019

		Sewer	N	onmajor fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	586,123	\$	59,623	\$	645,746
Payments to suppliers		(533,518)		(18,021)		(551,539)
Payments to employees	_	(8,306)	_	(41,323)		(49,629)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	44,299	_	279		44,578
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		E2 026				53.036
State grant	-	53,836	_	-		53,836
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Connection fees		17,500		-		17,500
Acquisition of capital assets	_	(32,159)	_	-	_	(32,159)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	(14,659)		-	_	(14,659)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received	_	16,925		-		16,925
NET CHANGE IN CASH		100,401		279		100,680
CASH - BEGINNING	_	1,092,511	_	122,075	_	1,214,586
CASH - ENDING	\$	1,192,912	\$	122,354	\$	1,315,266
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	9,016	\$	346	\$	9,362
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:		00.000				00.000
Depreciation expense		80,009		•		80,009
Change in assets and liabilities:		(EE 467)				(EE 467)
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(55,467)		(67)		(55,467)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		(152) 10,893		(70)		(219)
Increase (decrease) in payables	ŝŝ	10,893	_		-	10,893
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	44,299	\$	279	<u>\$</u>	44,578

# Charter Township of Big Rapids

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - Custodial Fund

December 31, 2019

	Tax	
ASSETS Cash	\$ 172,3	67
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments	172,3	167
NET POSITION  Restricted for individuals and other governments	\$	-

# Charter Township of Big Rapids

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSTION - Custodial Fund

Year ended December 31, 2019

		Тах
ADDITIONS Property taxes collected for other governments	\$	5,084,395
DEDUCTIONS Property taxes distributed to other governments	_	5,084,395
NET CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	_	<u></u>
NET POSTION - ENDING	\$	-

### **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the Charter Township of Big Rapids, Michigan (the Township), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

## Reporting entity:

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present only the Township (located in Mecosta County), as management has determined that there are no other entities for which the Township is financially accountable.

# Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter is excluded from government-wide funds. Major individual governmental funds and the major enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township generally considers revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable, due within the current fiscal year, is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenues of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Township, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The Fire Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the use of property tax revenues that are restricted for the financing of fire protection costs of the Township. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

The Road Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the use of property tax revenues that are restricted for financing road projects within the Township. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

The Township reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the Township's sewage collection system.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The Township also reports a custodial fund, the Tax Collection Fund, which accounts for assets held by the Township in a fiduciary capacity for other governments. This fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and equity:

Cash - Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables - No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as the Township considers all receivables to be fully collectible.

*Prepaids* - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaids in the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and equity (continued):

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (\$10,000 for infrastructure improvements) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Governments can elect to account for infrastructure assets of governmental activities either retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The Township has elected to account for its infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning January 1, 2004.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 - 40 years
Equipment 3 - 10 years
Vehicles 20 years
Sewer systems 40 years

Deferred inflows of resources - The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element reflects an increase in net position that applies to a future period. The related revenues will not be recognized until a future event occurs. The Township has two items that are included in this category: property taxes and special assessments. Property tax revenue, which is levied to finance the following period's budget, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that it was intended to finance. Special assessment revenues, which are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the Township's fiscal year), are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the revenue becomes available.

Net position - Net position represents the difference between assets, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Township reports three categories of net position, as follows: (1) Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; (2) Restricted net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations, such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Township's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets; (3) Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above components and is available for general use by the Township.

Net position flow assumption - Sometimes, the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Fund equity - Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form, or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. The Board of Trustees retains the right to assign fund balance as to purpose. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. When the Township incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the Township's policy to use the restricted fund balance first, followed by assigned fund balance, and, finally, unassigned fund balance.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and equity (continued):

Property tax revenue recognition - Property taxes are levied each December 1 (lien date) on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Property taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time interest and penalties are assessed. Although the Township's 2018 ad valorem taxes were levied on December 1, 2018, it is the Township's policy to recognize revenue from that tax levy in the current year, when the proceeds are budgeted and made available for the financing of operations.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the Township's General and special revenue funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, activity, and line-item. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations - The following schedule sets forth the reportable budget variances:

Fund	Function	Final budget	Actual	Variance
General	Other financing uses	\$ -	\$ 27,349	\$ 27,349
Fire	Public safety	184,300	198,553	14,253
Nonmajor	Public safety	5,600	6,672	1,072

Budgeted deficit - The Township budgeted for a deficit of \$54,000 in the Fire a Fund, a special revenue fund, which is a violation of Public Act 2 of 1968, Section 15.

### **NOTE 3 - CASH**

Cash, as presented in the accompanying financial statements, consists of the following:

	 Governmental activities		Business-type activities		iduciary activity	_	Totals
Deposits Cash on hand	\$ 1,009,575 200	\$	1,315,166 100	\$	172,367	\$	2,497,108 300
Totals	\$ 1,009,775	\$	1,315,266	\$	172,367	\$	2,497,408

Deposits - Deposits are carried at cost and are maintained at a single financial institution in the name of the Township. State statutes and the Township's investment policy authorize the Township to make deposits in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

# NOTE 3 - CASH (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the Township will not be able to recover its deposits. The Township's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for deposits. At December 31, 2019, \$2,296,911 of the Township's bank balances of \$2,796,911 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

### **NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of December 31, 2019, for the Township's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, were as follows:

Fund	Property taxes	Special Assessments	Accounts	Inter- governmental	Totals
Governmental:					
General	\$ 152,889	\$ 147,057	\$ 6,268	\$ 131,696	\$ 437,910
Fire	183,469	-	5,915	-	189,384
Roads	183,469	-	-	-	183,469
Nonmajor	24,458	-			24,458
Total governmental	\$ 544,285	\$ 147,057	\$ 12,183	\$ 131,696	\$ 835,221
Noncurrent portion	\$ -	\$ 97,085	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 97,085
Proprietary - Sewer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,211	\$ 62,078	\$ 158,289

All amounts are due within one year.

# **NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ 259,152	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,152
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,012,535	72,260	-	1,084,795
Infrastructure	2,598,162	-	-	2,598,162
Vehicles	686,454	109,084	(44,650)	750,888
Equipment	222,464	10,677	(11,010)	222,131
Subtotal	4,519,615	192,021	(55,660)	4,655,976
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(320,785)	(21,150)	-	(341,935)
Infrastructure	(669,507)	(64,954)	-	(734,461)
Vehicles	(408,403)	(32,552)	44,016	(396,939)
Equipment	(157,888)	(14,463)	11,010	(161,341)
Subtotal	(1,556,583)	(133,119)	55,026	(1,634,676)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	2,963,032	58,902	(634)	3,021,300
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$3,222,184	\$ 58,902	\$ (634)	\$3,280,452
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated - sewer system	\$2,876,767	\$ 32,159	\$ (68,165)	\$2,840,761
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,032,061)	(80,009)	68,165	(1,043,905)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$1,844,706	<u>\$ (47,850)</u>	\$ -	\$1,796,856

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	11,367
Public safety		48,576
Public works		69,411
Recreation and culture	_	3,765
Total governmental activities	\$	133,119

# **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

## **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

At December 31, 2019, the Township's long-term debt consists of the following issue:

### Governmental activities:

\$551,000 2013 General obligation limited tax refunding bonds, payable in annual installments ranging from \$42,000 to \$51,000, plus interest, payable semi-annually at rates between .70% and 2.65%; final payment due July 2025

295,000

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending balance		mounts e within ne year
Governmental activities:									
2013 Refunding bonds	\$ 340,000	\$	-	\$	(45,000)	\$	295,000	\$	46,000

At December 31, 2019, debt service requirements were as follows:

Year ended	Governmental activities								
December 31:	<i>P</i>	rincipal	Interest						
2020	\$	46,000	\$	7,149					
2021		48,000		6,184					
2022		49,000		5,104					
2023		50,000		3,927					
2024		51,000		2,678					
2025		51,000		1,351					
Totals	\$	295,000	\$	26,393					

### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES**

The 2018 taxable valuation of the Township approximated \$151,254,000, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.25 mills for operating purposes, 1.50 mills for fire protection, 1.50 mills for roads, and 0.20 mills for library services, raising \$189,000 for operating purposes, \$227,000 for fire protection, \$227,000 for roads maintenance, and \$30,000 for library services. These amounts are recognized in the respective fund financial statements as property tax revenues.

The 2019 taxable valuation of the Township approximated \$160,399,000, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 1.25 mills for operating purposes, 1.50 mills for fire protection, 1.50 mills for roads, and 0.20 mills for library services, raising \$200,000 for operating purposes, \$241,000 for fire protection, \$241,000 for roads maintenance, and \$32,000 for library services. These amounts are recognized in the respective fund financial statements as deferred inflows of resources, based upon the period for which the proceeds are budgeted and will be made available for the financing of operations.

### **NOTE 8 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN**

The Township and its employees contribute to the Big Rapids Township Group Pension Plan, a defined contribution pension plan, which is administered by a third-party administrator. The plan covers all elected officials and full-time employees, excluding seasonal employees.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established, and may be amended, by the Township Board. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment, as described above. The Township contributes 12.5% of each elected official's base salary and 10% of each qualified full-time employee's base salary to the Plan. Employee contributions, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits, are matched by an employer contribution not to exceed a maximum employer match of four percent of covered wages. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Township made the required contributions of \$29,962, of which \$7,580 represented an employer match. At December 31, 2019, the Township reported no accrued liability as part of the contributions to the plan.

The Township's contributions for each employee (and investment earnings allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested on the day the employee is eligible to participate in the plan, which occurs immediately after employment.

The Township is not a trustee of the defined contribution pension plan, nor is the Township responsible for investment management of the pension plan assets. Accordingly, plan assets, and changes therein, are not reported in these financial statements.

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The assets of the plans were held in trust (custodial account or annuity contract), as described in IRC Section 457(g) for the exclusive benefit of the participants (employees) and their beneficiaries. The custodian thereof for the exclusive benefit of the participants holds the custodial account for the beneficiaries of this Section 457 plan, and the assets may not be diverted to any other use. The administrators are agents of the employer for purposes of providing direction to the custodian of the custodial account from time to time for the investment of the funds held in the account, transfer of assets to or from the account, and all other matters. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 32, plan balances and activities are not reflected in the Township's financial statements.

# **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss to general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, and employee medical claims. The risks of loss arising from general liability up to \$5,000,000, property losses, workers' compensation, and employee medical costs are managed through purchased commercial insurance. For all risks of loss, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage provided in prior years. Also, in the past three years, settlements did not exceed insurance coverage.

### **NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the General Fund transferred \$27,349 to two special revenue funds. The transfers provided support for public safety costs of the Fire Fund (\$7,531) and water system operations of a nonmajor governmental fund (\$19,818).

### NOTE 12 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective January 1, 2019, the Township adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. As a result, a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position have been presented. The statement of fiduciary net position reports all assets, liabilities, and net position of fiduciary funds, as in the past. However, liabilities are now only recognized when an event occurs that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position reports the additions and deductions from fiduciary net position, which is a new requirement for custodial funds, which replace agency funds.

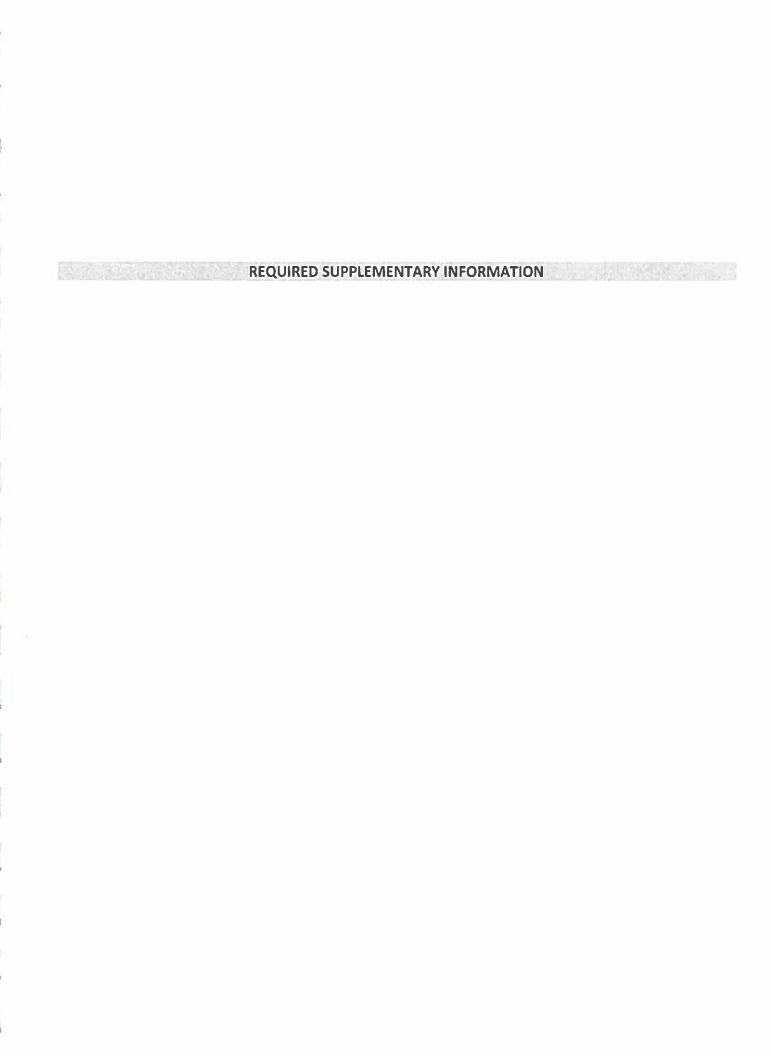
## **NOTE 13 - PENDING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

### NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

As a result of COVID-19, which occurred subsequent to the end of the fiscal year, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to negatively impact the Township. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the financial impact on the Township. Therefore, the Township expects this matter to negatively impact its operations and financial condition. However, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

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Year ended December 31, 2019

		Original budget		Final budget		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	236,900	\$	236,900	\$	253,080	\$	16,180
Licenses and permits		19,500		19,500		17,812		(1,688)
State grants		364,000		364,000		373,438		9,438
Contribution from local unit		52,000		52,000		52,731		731
Charges for services		28,000		28,000		40,206		12,206
Interest and rentals		17,700		17,700		23,494		5,794
Other	_	54,500	_	54,500	_	69,222		14,722
Total revenues		772,600		772,600	_	829,983		57,383
EXPENDITURES								
General government:								
Legislative		19,285		19,285		18,462		823
Supervisor		45,510		45,510		43,449		2,061
Assessor		48,250		48,250		43,817		4,433
Clerk		60,700		60,700		60,158		542
Treasurer		57,485		57,485		55,311		2,174
Board of review		1,250		1,250		767		483
Hall and grounds		11,505		11,505		12,678		(1,173)
Cemetery		99,760		99,760		103,572		(3,812)
General administration	_	80,070	2	80,070		70,375		9,695
Total general government	_	423,815	_	423,815	_	408,589		15,226
Public works:								
Road improvements and maintenance		182,000		282,000		184,914		97,086
Industrial Park assessments		50,100		50,100		51,591		(1,491)
Street lighting	_	9,500	_	9,500	_	9,258		242
Total public works		241,600		341,600		245,763		95,837

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund (Continued)

Year ended December 31, 2019

		iginal udget	Final budget		 Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)								
Community and economic development:								
Community promotion Planning and zoning	\$	4,900 18,305	\$	4,900 18,305	\$ 4,000 11,364	\$	900 6,941	
,					 			
Total community and								
economic development		23,205		23,205	 15,364	_	7,841	
Recreation and culture - parks								
and recreation		6,095		6,095	4,969		1,126	
Capital outlay	•	51,000		107,000	 88,324		18,676	
Total expenditures		745,715	_	901,715	 763,009		138,706	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		26,885		(129,115)	66,974		196,089	
				(,	20,07			
OTHER FINANCING USES					(27.240)		(27.240)	
Transfers out			_		 (27,349)	-	(27,349)	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		26,885		(129,115)	39,625		168,740	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		741,450		741,450	 741,450			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	768,335	\$	612,335	\$ 781,075	\$	168,740	

Year	ended	December 31, 2019

		Original budget		Final budget		_	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
REVENUES										
Property taxes		\$	215,000	\$	215,000	\$	228,217	\$	13,217	
Federal grant			-		-		997		997	
Contribution from	m local unit		15,000		15,000		16,122		1,122	
Interest		_	500	_	500		3,755		3,255	
	Total revenues		230,500	_	230,500	_	249,091		18,591	
EXPENDITURES										
Public safety			184,300		184,300		198,553		(14,253)	
Capital outlay			20,800		185,800		123,388		62,412	
Capital Outlay		_	20,000	_	183,000	_	123,300		02,412	
	Total expenditures	_	205,100		370,100	_	321,941		48,159	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES			25,400		(139,600)		(72,850)		66,750	
OTHER FINANCI Transfer in	NG SOURCES	_		_		_	7,531		7,531	
NET CHANGES II	N FUND BALANCES		25,400		(139,600)		(65,319)		74,281	
FUND BALANCE	S - BEGINNING		84,791		84,791	_	84,791		-	
FUND BALANCE	S - ENDING	\$	110,191	\$	(54,809)	\$	19,472	\$	74,281	

		Original budget	Final budget		Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	215,000	\$ 215,000	\$	228,216	\$	13,216	
EXPENDITURES								
Public works		215,000	215,000		215,000		783	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		-	-		13,216		13,216	
FUND DALANCES OF CIVINING		42.406	12.100		12.106			
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	_	12,186	 12,186	_	12,186			
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	12,186	\$ 12,186	\$	25,402	\$	13,216	

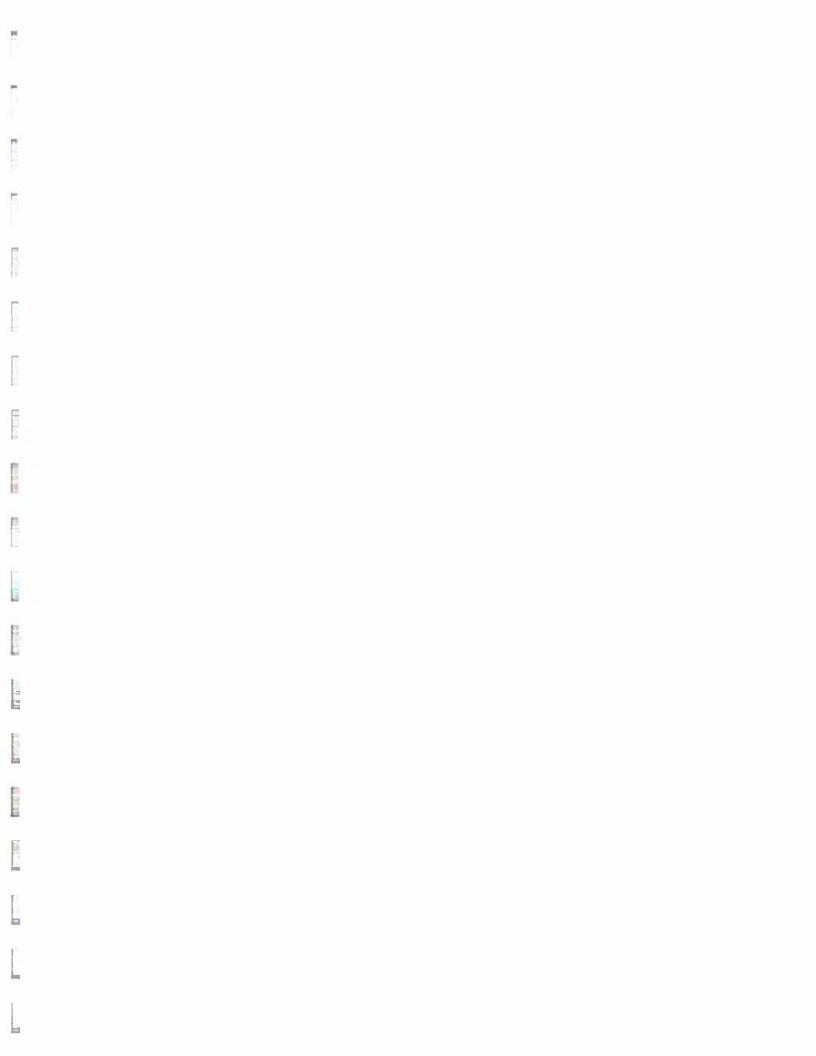
# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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	Special revenue					Capital projects				Permanent		
					Liquor		Water		Cemetery		Perpetual	
	M	etro Act	L	ibrary		Law	P	roject	В	uilding	Care	Totals
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	20,997	\$	9,077	\$	151	\$	-	\$	33,352	\$ 120,845	\$ 184,422
Receivables		-		24,458		-		-		-	-	24,458
Prepaids	_		_					3,575	_	-	-	3,575
Total assets	\$	20,997	\$	33,535	\$	151	\$	3,575	\$	33,352	\$ 120,845	\$ 212,455
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
AND FUND BALANCES												
Deferred inflows of resources:												
Property tax revenues levied for												
the subsequent year	\$	-	\$	32,107	\$		\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$ 32,107
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable:												
Permanent fund principal		-				-		-		_	103,226	103,226
Prepaids		-				-		3,575		-	-	3,575
Restricted for:												
Public safety		-		_		151		-		-	-	151
Public works		20,997		-				-		-	-	20,997
Recreation and culture		-		1,428		+,1		-		-	-	1,428
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		23,352	-	23,352
Assigned for:												
Capital improvements		-		-		-		-		10,000	-	10,000
Perpetual care	_	-		-		-	_	-	_		17,619	17,619
Total fund balances	\$	20,997	\$	1,428	\$	151	\$	3,575	\$	33,352	\$ 120,845	\$ 180,348
Total deferred inflows												
of resources and												
fund balances	\$	20,997	\$	33,535	\$	151	\$	3,575	\$	33,352	\$ 120,845	\$ 212,455

Year ended December 31, 2019

	9	ipecial revenu	e	Capital	projects	Permanent	
			Liquor	Water	Cemetery	Perpetual	
	Metro Act	Library	Law	Project	Building	Care	<u>Totals</u>
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 30,449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,449
State grants	6,948	-	6,823	-	•	-	13,771
Charges for services	-	-	-	859	-	-	859
Interest	-	-	-	86	-	1,504	1,590
Other	-	-	-	53,149	6,620	-	59,769
Total revenues	6,948	30,449	6,823	54,094	6,620	1,504	106,438
EXPENDITURES		45					
Public safety	-	-	6,672	-	-	-	6,672
Public works	-	-	-	21,324	336	-	21,660
Recreation and culture Debt service:	-	29,095	-	-	-	-	29,095
Principal		-		45,000	_		45,000
Interest		9		8,027	_	_	8,027
merest				0,027			0,02.
Total expenditures	-	29,095	6,672	74,351	336		110,454
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	6,948	1,354	151	(20,257)	6,284	1,504	(4,016)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in			<u>-</u>	19,818	_		19,818
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	6,948	1,354	151	(439)	6,284	1,504	15,802
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	14,049	74	-	4,014	27,068	119,341	164,546
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 20,997	\$ 1,428	\$ 151	\$ 3,575	\$ 33,352	\$ 120,845	\$ 180,348



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